### Africa: Business Unusual

MUNYA CHIURA, GLOBAL PAYMENTS AFRICA

$$Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\in Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$$

**flywire** Payment Solved s

 $Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\equiv Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$ 

\$5B
MONEY MOVED THIS YEAR

1,700+

150+
CURRENCIES & METHODS

300+















































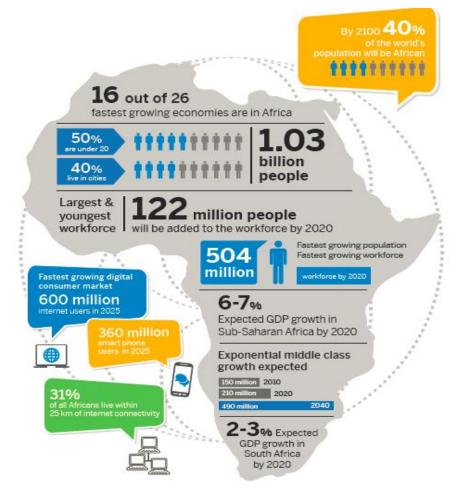




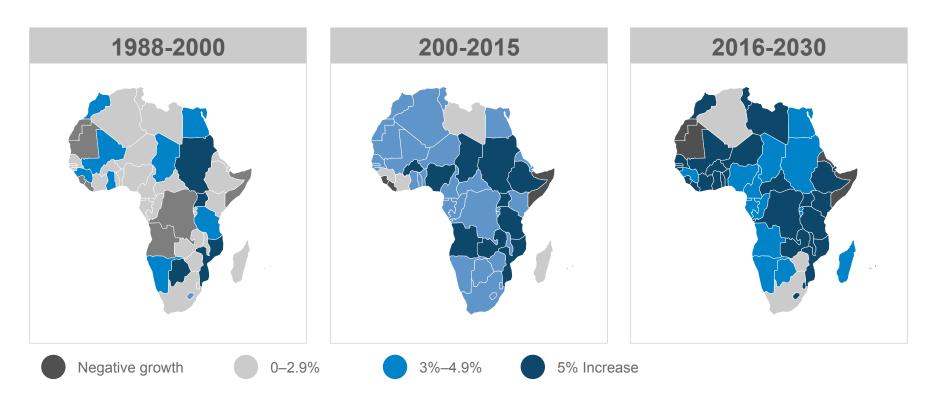




# Africa fast facts



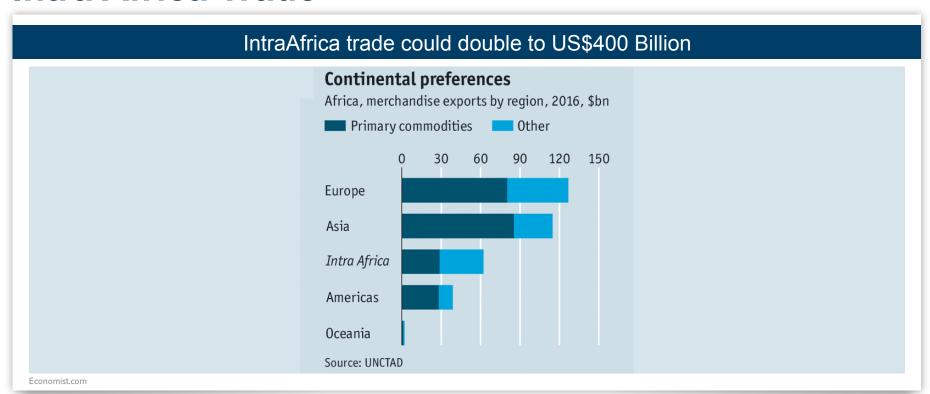
### Africa GDP Growth 1990-2030







### **Intra Africa Trade**





## 4 Forces Shaping Education in Africa

# Huge demographic shift

Creating a public and policy pressure to improve access, quality, and relevance and creating a greater resource pool.

# Emergence of a middle class

Creating demand from middle class parents for quality & accountability in the education system.

# Rapid urbanization

Transforming demand for education through economies of scale.

# Use of technology

Transforming learning through greater internet access, improving outcomes and enabling best practices.



## 4 Forces Shaping Business in Africa

# **Economic Integration**

The interconnected global economy will see a continued increase in the levels of international trade and capital flows

# Boost in Exports

Exports are the primary means to earn the hard currency for imported capital goods.

# Growth in non resource sectors

A shift from agrarian to urban economies, multiple sectors contribute to growth.

# Ease of Doing Business

Nigeria jumps 24 places in ease of doing business from 169 to 145 (2017)

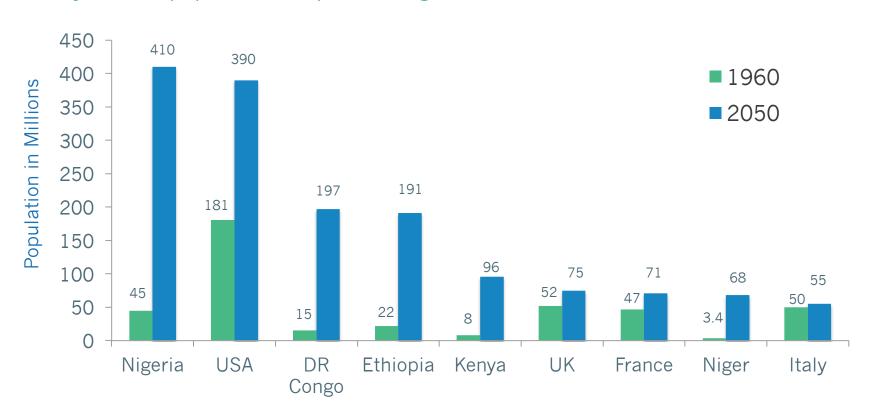


# Huge Demographic Shift

$$Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\in Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$$

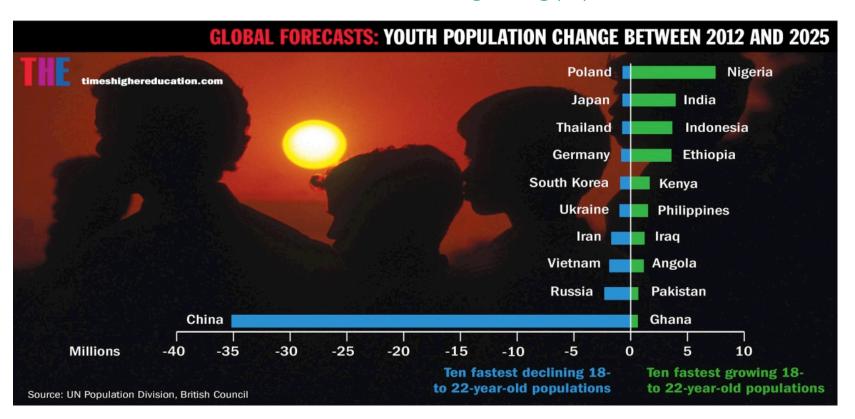
### 1960-2050 Projected Population

Many African populations expected to grow more than 10x between 1960-2015



## Demographic Trends in Youth Populations

African countries dominate the list of fastest growing populations



# Rapid Urbanization

$$Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\in Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$$

## 12 Megacities in Africa by 2025



## Emergence of a Middle Class

$$Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\in Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$$

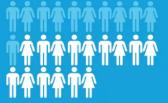
### The rise of the middle class

2010 **†\*†\*†**\***†**\***†**\*

In 2010 the population of Africa was 1bn.

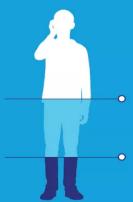
355 M were considered middle class.

2060



By 2060, the population will more than double to 2.6bn

with 1.100 expected to be middle class.



2030

321m Africans will be aged between 15-24

Now

205m Africans are aged between 15-24

Young Africans will form a large share of the rising middle class and will seek access to a wider choice of food, entertainment and connectivity.

"The African middle class has grown by over 240% in just over a decade, with 15 million households now being middle class."

Source: African Development Bank 2017



### The Rise of Mobile

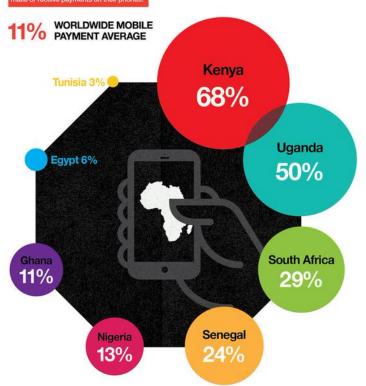
PAYMENT TRENDS, MOBILE, SOCIAL MEDIA, SMS

$$Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\in Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$$

## Mobile Payments in Africa

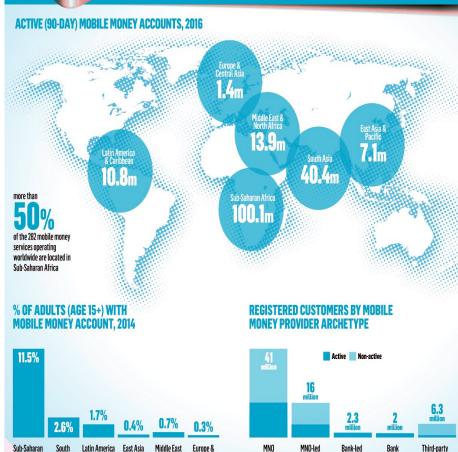


Percentage of mobile phone users who regularly make or receive payments on their phones.





### MOBILE FINANCIAL SERVICES



partnership

partnership

dominant

(fintech)

& Pacific & North Africa Central Asia

AFRICA'S TWO LEADING MOBILE MONEY PROVIDERS



\$548m

mobile money revenues 2016-2017

Active customers 2016-2017

\$28.8 Revenue per active

customer per annum



\$205m

mobile money revenues 2016-2017

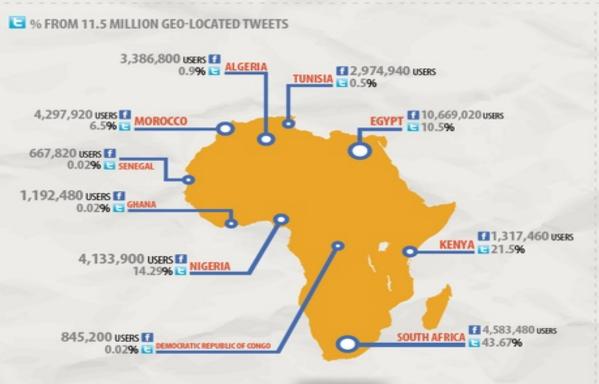
15.4m Active customers 2016-2017

\$13.3
Revenue per active customer per annum

Africa



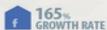
# **SOCIAL MEDIA IN AFRICA**



#### AFRICA ON FACEBOOK







#### IGHEST FACEBOOK PENETRATION RATES ACROSS AFRICA

IB: FACEBOOK PENETRATION RATE IS DIRECTLY PROPOTIONAL TO INTERNET PENETRATION NOT POPULATION



#### TWITTER TRENDS ACROSS AFRICA













SEARCH FOR JOBS













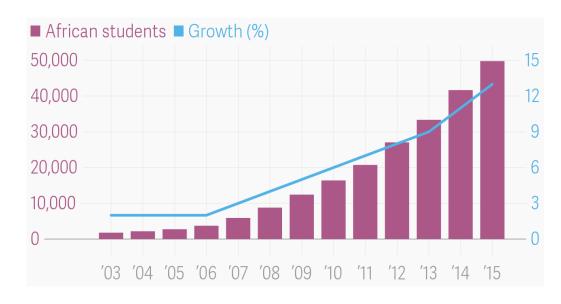
### China: Emerging Market for African Students

The number of African students in China has jumped in the last few years.

China has the fastest declining population, and therefore can manage to support the influx of students.

There are currencly more feepaying African students in China than students on scholarship. Source: University World News 2017

#### GROWTH OF AFRICAN STUDENTS IN CHINA



Source: QZAfrica



# Africa Payments Landscape

$$Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in R \not\in Y \$ \nleftrightarrow f \in f$$

# Mobile Money has been hailed as a revolutionary innovation promoting Financial Inclusion:

# The most obvious types of inclusion relate to the following opportunities all available via the mobile phone



Improved access to markets



Price information



Credit, services and



Employment opportunities



#### 2022: BOOM OF THE MOBILE

in Sub-Saharan Africa



Mobile subscriptions 2016 **720** million 2022 1030 million





Smartphone subscriptions 2016 260 million 2022 **800** million





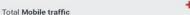
2016 1 GB/month 5 GB/month

Data traffic for smartphones

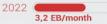




NUMBER OF



2016 0.3 EB/month









+38%

MOBILE **PENETRATION 2022** 



#### **GOING MOBILE**

The Global Findex shows mobile banking may help historically unbanked regions gain financial access.



#### 2/3 **OF ADULTS**

worldwide without an account cite lack of money as the obstacle to use of formal financial services.



## **OF ADULTS**

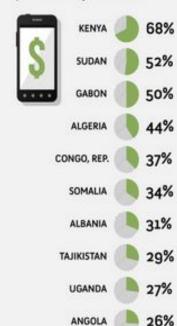
also blame the cost of opening and maintaining an account or the banks being too far away.

#### SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA



In Sub-Saharan Africa, where traditional banking has been hampered by transportation and other infrastructure problems, mobile banking has expanded to 16% of the market.

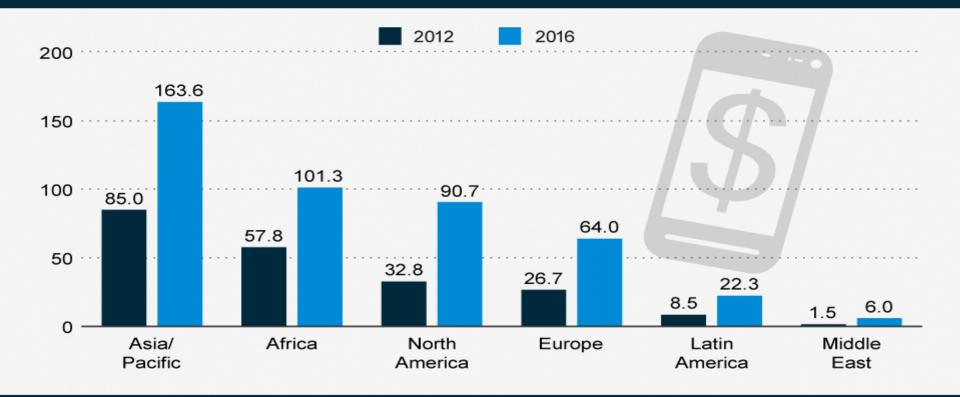
#### Adults reporting using a mobile phone for money transactions:





### Africa and Asia Are Embracing Mobile Payments

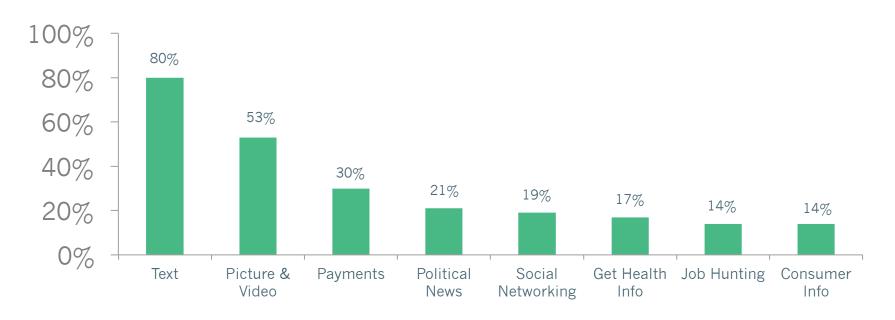
Forecast: mobile payment users (in millions)





# In 7 of Africa's Leading Economies, 1/3 of Mobile Users Pay with their Phones

MOST COMMON USES OF CELL PHONES IN AFRICA, EXCLUDING PHONE CALLS



### Nigerian Payments Market: Key Opportunity Drivers

	2014	2020
Rising Electronic Payment Adoption	>50 million  Non-ATM transactions covering POS, web, and mobile payments. Annual non-cash payment transaction per inhabitant is very low (<1) compared to similar markets (India is <6).	>500 million  Mobile and POS payments are projected to have the fastest annual growth rates at over 80%. Mobile is expected to drive overall growth of electronic payment transactions.
Increasing Issuance of Payment Cards	>48 million  Estimated number of active cards issued in Nigeria as of 2014. This number is expected to grow at CAGR >20%.	>155 million  An estimate of 160-200 million payment cards (including reissuances) will be produced between 2015 and 2020. However, innovations in payment technologies may diminish the need for physical cards.

"Nigeria's external reserves to hit 3 year high of US \$35 billion."

Nigeria: Key Developments over the last 2 years

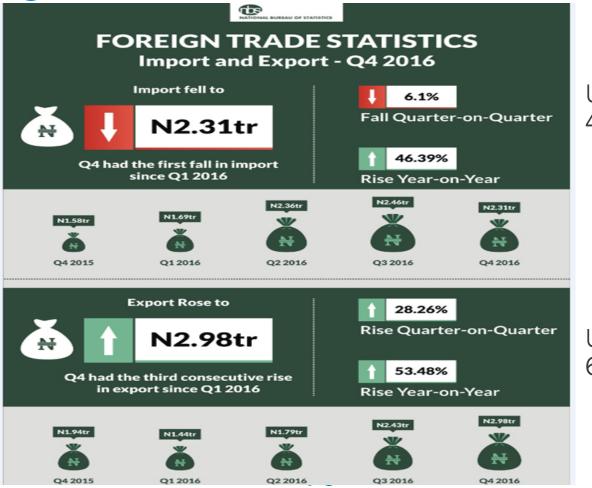
Easing of the Foreign Exchange demands in Nigeria.

Increase in electronic payments in Naira (visa, MC and Bank Transfer).





### Nigeria: Improved Balanced of Payments Position



US6.4 Billion 4.9 Billion GBP

US 8.2 Billion 6.1 Billion GBP

#### THE FINTECH ECOSYSTEM IN NIGERIA



















wallet.ng



Lidya























your cash, anywhere, anytime



etranzact remi













### Why SMEs in Africa Matter?



- More that 27 million formal SMEs in developing countries of which 39% are underserved
- Ghana::SMEs represent 92% of all local businesses, providing up to 85% of manufacturing jobs in the country and contributing about 70% to the country's GDP
- Nigeria:37 million SMEs employed about 60 million people and account for about 48% of the country's GDP.
- South Africa: 2.2 million SMEs, about 1.5 million of them in the informal sector.
- Morroco: 93% of Industrial Firms and represent 90% of the countries GDP
- Kenya: SMEs constitute 98 % of all business, create 30 % of the jobs annually as well as contribute 3 % of the GDP.





COMESA Making up a third of Africa, the vastness of COMESA should be complemented with its dynamism and high trade growth. Intra-COMESA exports of goods have risen from \$1.5 billion in 2000 to about \$10 billion in 2016, excluding small scale (informal) trade estimated by UNCTAD and ECA to be about 40% of total trade





### Key Takeaways

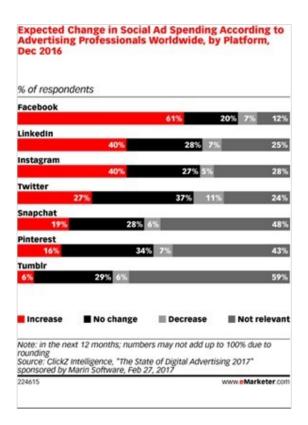
African student population will continue to increase Payment options for Africans have increased driven by mobile

"Go digital or go home." Gartner student acquisition via social media -450% ROI of Facebook advertising

Investment in road shows (British Council / US Ivy Leagues)

African students are life-long learners

African students pay cash or save throughout their lifetime





Thank You

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